DOCKET FILE COPY ORIGINAL

EX PARTE OR LATE FILED

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT MEMORANDUM

DATE:

May 23, 1994

FROM:

Pamela Gerr

Domestic Facilities Division, CCB

SUBJECT: Ex parte communication in CC Docket No. 93-2

RECEIVED

TO:

William F. Caton

Office of the Managing Director

MAY 2 3 1994

TELEPAL AMMENICATIONS CLAMP CO. OFFICE OF SECRETARY

The attached documents from the Telecommunications Industry Association (TIA) were recently identified as containing ex parte communications relevant to CC Docket No. 93-2. Please include these documents in the public record for this docket number, as required by Section 1.1206(a)(4) of the Commission's rules.

No. of Copies rec'd_ List ABCDE



SUGGESTED RULE CHANGES FOR MERGING

PART 21 AND PART 94 INTO PART 101

Telecommunications Industry Association Fixed Point-to-Point Communication Section Network Equipment Division

April 6, 1994

MAY 2 3 1994

*COMMUNICATIONS CONSTITUTE

OFFICE OF SECRETARY



WHY ARE WE HERE?

- TIA IS THE MAJOR INDUSTRY ASSOCIATION REPRESENTING MICROWAVE MANUFACTURERS.
- TIA SUPPORTS FCC'S PLAN TO MERGE PART 21 AND PART 94 INTO PART 101.
- TIA WORKING GROUP TR14.11 HAS COMPLETED BULLETIN 10-F "INTERFERENCE CRITERIA FOR MICROWAVE SYSTEMS," WHICH IS INDUSTRY STANDARD FOR GENERAL FIXED MICROWAVE INTERFERENCE MATTERS, INCLUDING PCS-MICROWAVE INTERFERENCE CRITERIA.
- TIA'S PROPOSALS RESULT FROM SEVERAL MONTHS EFFORT BY WORKING GROUP CONSISTING OF MANUFACTURER, USER, AND FREQUENCY COORDINATOR REPRESENTATIVES FROM ALCATEL, HARRIS-FARINON, BELLCORE, US WEST, EMI, UNION PACIFIC AND COMSEARCH.



WHAT IS TIA PROPOSING?

- REVIEWED PART 21 AND PART 94, INCLUDING NEW RULES FROM DOCKET 92-9.
- IDENTIFIED RULES APPLICABLE TO MICROWAVE USERS, DETERMINED IF PART 21 OR PART 94 RULE PREFERABLE, CONSOLIDATED AND MODIFIED RULES WHERE NECESSARY.
- PROPOSING ACTUAL TEXT OF EACH PART 101 RULE WITH SUPPORTING REASONS.
- PROPOSED RULES INCORPORATE METRIC VALUES FOR DISTANCES STATED.
- THIS "MERGER" WILL BE AN ONGOING PROCESS --TIA EAGER TO CONTINUE ASSISTING FCC.



OVERVIEW OF RULES PROPOSED

- DEFINITION FOR ATPC
- FREQUENCY COORDINATION
- INTERFERENCE PROTECTION
- TRANSMITTER POWER
- MODULATION (DIGITAL AND ANALOG)
- FREQUENCIES
- MODIFICATIONS (MAJOR AND MINOR)
- FREQUENCY TOLERANCE



- PATH LENGTH REQUIREMENTS
- ANTENNAS
- EMISSION AND BANDWIDTH LIMITATIONS
- TIME FOR CONSTRUCTION
- WAIVER REQUESTS
- TRANSITION PERIOD
- TEMPORARY AUTHORIZATIONS AND OPERATIONS



DEFINITION FOR ATPC

- ► IN DKT. 92-9, FCC VALIDATES USE OF ATPC BY PERMITTING UP TO 3dB INCREASE IN EIRP.
- FCC LEFT OPEN WHETHER GREATER INCREASE IN EIRP USING ATPC IS ACCEPTABLE.
- TO MINIMIZE INTER-SYSTEM INTERFERENCE, TIA, IN BULLETIN 10-F, ADOPTS INDUSTRY STANDARDS FOR HOW TO USE AND MANAGE ATPC, HOW OFTEN IT CAN BE USED AND HOW IT IS CALCULATED.
- TIA PROPOSES THAT BULLETIN 10-F GUIDELINES FOR USE OF ATPC BE INCORPORATED INTO PART 101 RULES.



FREQUENCY COORDINATION

- CONSISTENT WITH DKT. 92-9, ADOPT SECTION 21.100 PRIOR COORDINATION PROCEDURES, WITH CERTAIN CHANGES CONFORMING TO CURRENT INDUSTRY PRACTICES:
 - **EXPAND CLASS ENTITLED TO PRIOR COORDINATION NOTICE.**
 - "MAJOR" AND "MINOR" MODIFICATIONS TRIGGER PRIOR COORDINATION NOTICE.
 - ♦ FUTURE GROWTH OF SYSTEMS MUST BE PRIOR COORDINATED.
 - **REFINE INFORMATION IN PRIOR COORDINATION NOTICE.**
 - ♦ RESPONSE TO PRIOR COORDINATION NOTICE BASED UPON INTERFERENCE MUST SPECIFY PROBLEM IN WRITING.
 - **♦ PERMIT EXPEDITED PRIOR COORDINATION NOTICE.**
 - ♦ GROWTH CHANNELS PROTECTED.



INTERFERENCE PROTECTION

- BULLETIN 10-F ESTABLISHES INDUSTRY STANDARDS FOR PROTECTING MICROWAVE USERS FROM INTERFERENCE, INCLUDING FROM PCS.
- CONSISTENT WITH DKT. 92-9, CRITERIA IN BULLETIN 10-F WILL GOVERN INTERFERENCE PROTECTION. BULLETIN 10-F WILL BE INCORPORATED INTO FCC RULES.



TRANSMITTER POWER

- GENERALLY USES SECTION 94.73 BECAUSE IT IS MORE COMPREHENSIVE THAN SECTION 21.107.
- INCORPORATES PROVISIONS IN SECTION 21.107 REGARDING HARMFUL INTERFERENCE PROTECTION.
- ► TO ELIMINATE INCONSISTENCIES, +55 dBw EIRP FOR BANDS ABOVE 4 GHz.
- TO ACCOMMODATE CROSS-POLARIZATION, VALUES FOR MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE TRANSMITTER POWER AND EIRP SHOWN ARE PER POLARIZATION.
- **ATPC PERMITTED.**



MODULATION

- SEPARATE PROVISIONS FOR DIGITAL AND ANALOG.
- ► MERGES SECTIONS 21.722 AND 94.94.
- DIGITAL SYSTEM PAYLOAD CAPACITIES EXPRESSED IN DS-1s, DS-3s, OR STS-1s, CONFORMING TO COMMERCIALLY AVAILABLE EQUIPMENT. PAYLOAD CAPACITY REQUIRED BY FCC MUST CORRESPOND TO COMMERCIALLY AVAILABLE EQUIPMENT.
- TO ACCOMMODATE CROSS-POLARIZATION, VALUES FOR MINIMUM PAYLOAD DIGITAL CAPACITY ARE PER POLARIZATION.
- ALL EQUIPMENT OPERATING BELOW 24 GHz MUST MEET SPECIFIED BIT RATES.
- SPECIFIC RULES FOR FULL MOTION DIGITAL VIDEO.
- MINIMUM NUMBER OF ANALOG CHANNELS SPECIFIED.



FREQUENCIES

- MERGES SECTIONS 21.701 AND 94.65.
- CORRECTS MINOR ERRORS FOR 10 GHz BAND.
- FOOTNOTE FOR 11 GHz BAND PERMITS RADIOS AUTHORIZED FOR 30 MHz BANDWIDTH TO BE USED FOR 40 MHz CHANNELS IN CONGESTED AREAS.
- ENCOURAGES USE OF SPECIFIED TRANSMIT/RECEIVE CHANNEL PAIRINGS.



MODIFICATIONS

- USES PART 21 INSTEAD OF PART 94 GUIDELINES BECAUSE THEY PROVIDE OPERATORS MINIMUM FLEXIBILITY, WHICH IS REQUIRED FOR MICROWAVE SYSTEMS TO UTILIZE SPECTRUM EFFICIENTLY.
- RETAINS MAJOR AND MINOR CATEGORIES.
- MORE THAN 5 SECOND CHANGE IN TRANSMITTING ANTENNA COORDINATES OR MORE THAN 10 FOOT CHANGE IN ANTENNA HEIGHT IS MAJOR CHANGE.
- MINOR CHANGE IF NECESSARY BANDWIDTH IS NOT INCREASED BEYOND THE PREVIOUSLY AUTHORIZED BANDWIDTH INSTEAD OF BY MORE THAN 10% OF THE PREVIOUSLY AUTHORIZED NECESSARY BANDWIDTH. THIS ENSURES THAT ANY OPERATION BEYOND PREVIOUSLY AUTHORIZED BANDWIDTH WOULD BE SUBJECT TO PRIOR FREQUENCY COORDINATION AS A "MAJOR" CHANGE.



FREQUENCY TOLERANCE

- FREQUENCY TOLERANCES FOR 4 GHz, LOWER 6 GHz, 10 GHz BANDS INCLUDED.
- OTHER MINOR CHANGES CONFORMING TO DKT. 92-9 RULES.



PATH LENGTH

 FORMULA FOR DETERMINING ALLOWABLE EIRP FOR SHORT PATHS REVISED TO ACCOMMODATE WIDEBAND RADIOS BY PROVIDING SMOOTHER TRANSITION.



ANTENNAS

- ADOPT SECTION 21.108 TO GOVERN ANTENNA OPERATION, WITH CERTAIN MODIFICATIONS:
 - ♦ NEW CATEGORY B STANDARDS FOR UPPER 6 GHz BAND CHANGED TO BE SAME AS FOR LOWER 6 GHz BAND. THIS CHANGE CONFORMS TO CATEGORY A STANDARDS, WHICH ARE SAME FOR UPPER AND LOWER 6 GHz BANDS.
 - RESTRICTS USE OF CATEGORY B ANTENNAS IN "CONGESTED" AREAS.
 - **♦ PERMITS CROSS-POLARIZATION.**



EMISSION AND BANDWIDTH LIMITATIONS

 ADOPT PART 21 RULES BECAUSE THEY ARE MORE CONSISTENT WITH CURRENT INDUSTRY USAGE.



TIME FOR CONSTRUCTION

- ADOPT 18 MONTH CONSTRUCTION PERIOD PROVIDED UNDER PART 21. DUE TO ADVERSE WEATHER AND OTHER FACTORS OUTSIDE THEIR CONTROL, LICENSEES NEED MAXIMUM TIME.
- CONSTRUCTION CAN COMMENCE UPON EXPIRATION OF PUBLIC NOTICE PERIOD INSTEAD OF UPON LICENSE GRANT.



WAIVER REQUESTS

▶ ADOPT PART 21 WAIVER REQUIREMENTS.



TRANSITION PERIOD

- GRANDFATHERS ALL SYSTEMS LICENSED OR SUBJECT TO PENDING APPLICATION ON PART 101 EFFECTIVE DATE SO THEY CAN CONTINUE UNDER PART 21 OR PART 94.
- GRANDFATHERED INDEFINITELY, EXCEPT LICENSEE OPERATING UNDER PART 21 OR PART 94 MUST ELIMINATE ANY INTERFERENCE TO PART 101 USER.



SPECIAL TEMPORARY AUTHORIZATIONS AND OPERATION

- ► FOR STA, ADOPT SECTION 94.43.
- FOR TEMPORARY AUTHORIZATIONS, ADOPT PART 21 PROVISIONS BECAUSE THEY ARE MORE SPECIFIC.
- EVEN THOUGH PROCESSING EXPEDITED, PERMIT BSTA TO PROVIDE OPERATORS NEEDED FLEXIBILITY TO CONSTRUCT AND OPERATE WHILE APPLICATION PENDING.